



Helping people
breathe better
and live fuller lives.



ATS Conference 2021
Virtual Platform



Jason Suggett¹,

V. Kushnarev¹, C. Van Holsbeke², S. Van Steen², B. Mignot²;

¹Science and Technology, Trudell Medical International, London, ON, Canada,

²Fluidda, Kontich, Belgium.

Metered Dose Inhaler (MDI) with Valved Holding Chamber (VHC) vs Dry Powder Inhalers (DPIs): Using Functional Respiratory Imaging (FRI) to Assess Modelled Lung Deposition in an Asthmatic patient.

Rationale

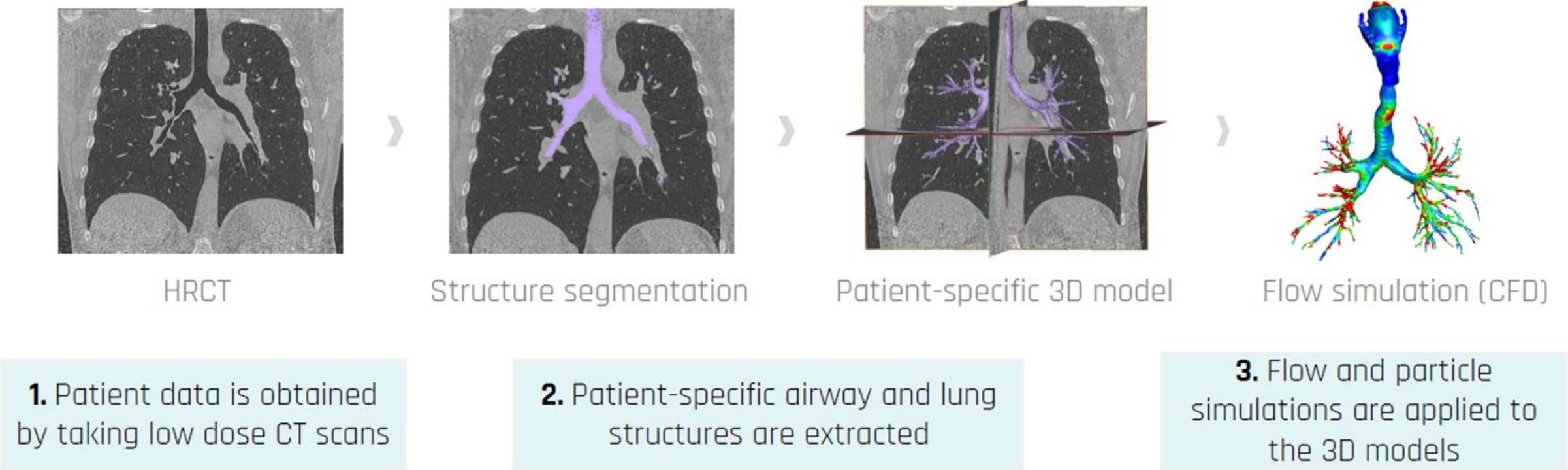
Methods

Results

Conclusion

RATIONALE

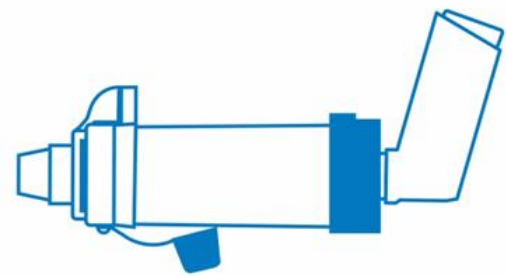
- Both MDIs and DPIs can be used to deliver drugs to manage Asthma.
- Valved Holding Chambers (VHC) can be used to help patients with inhalation coordination of their MDIs.
- Inspiratory flow rate is known to influence drug delivery. This FRI based study assessed the modelled airway drug delivery from an MDI/VHC system and two DPI systems at optimal and sub-optimal flow rates.



Rationale	Methods	Results	Conclusion
-----------	---------	---------	------------

METHODS

- Three dimensional geometries of airways and lobes were extracted from a CT scan of a 21 year old male Asthma (moderate) patient.
- Drug delivery and airway deposition was modelled using FRI with measured particle and plume characteristics via the following devices:



AeroChamber Plus* Flow-Vu*
((AC+) valved holding chamber
(VHC), Trudell Medical International)
delivering salbutamol from a Ventolin[†]
EvoHalert pMDI (100 µg; GSK)



Symbicort[†] Turbuhaler[†] (6 µg
formoterol fumarate/200 µg
budesonide; AstraZeneca)



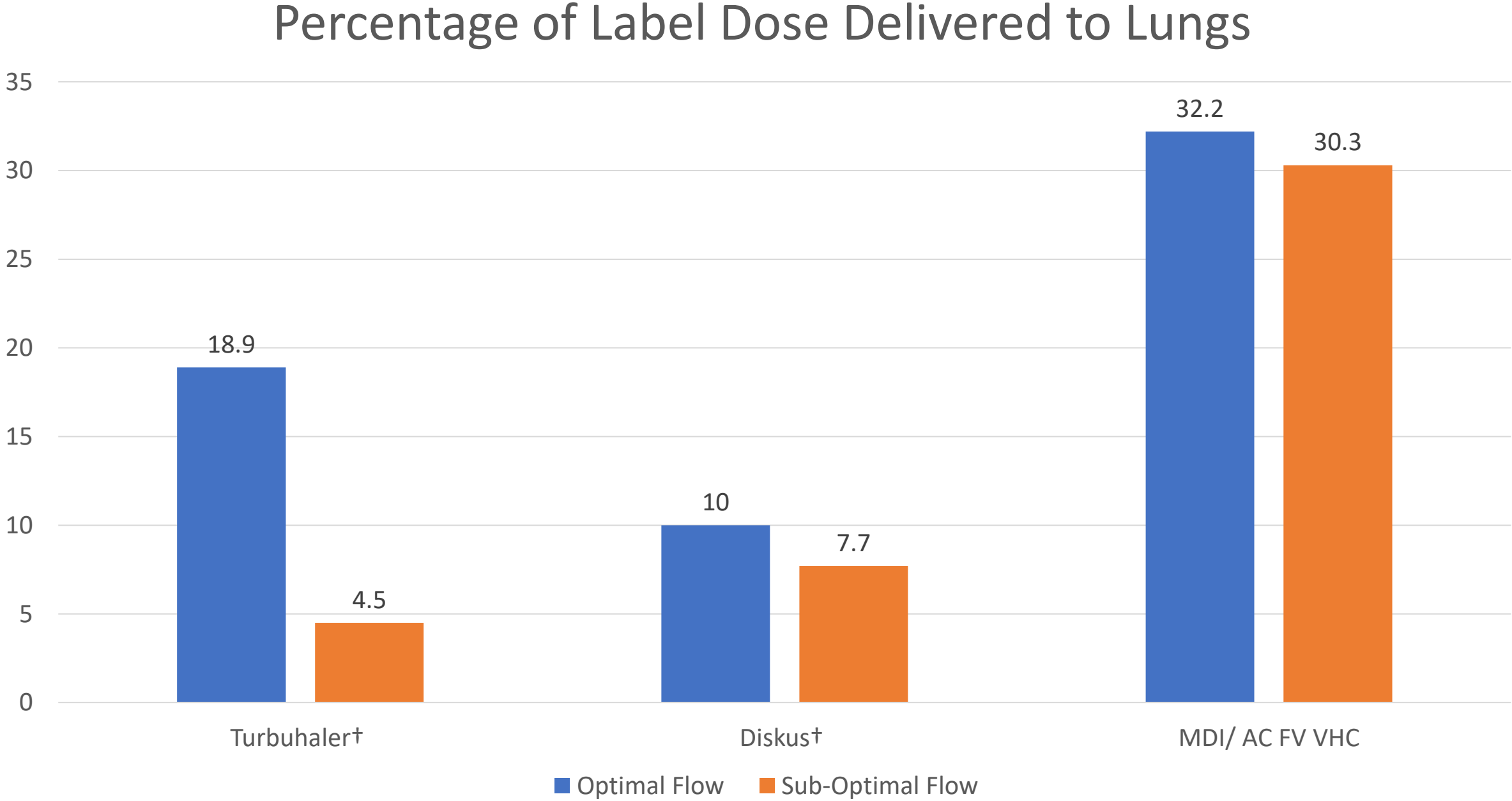
Seretide[†] Diskus[†] (50 µg salmeterol
xinafoate/250 µg fluticasone
propionate; GSK)

- Inhalation flowrates of 30 L/min (optimum for MDI/VHC, sub-optimal for DPIs) and 60 L/min (optimum for DPIs, sub-optimal for MDI/VHC) were assessed.

Rationale	Methods	Results	Conclusion
-----------	---------	---------	------------

RESULTS

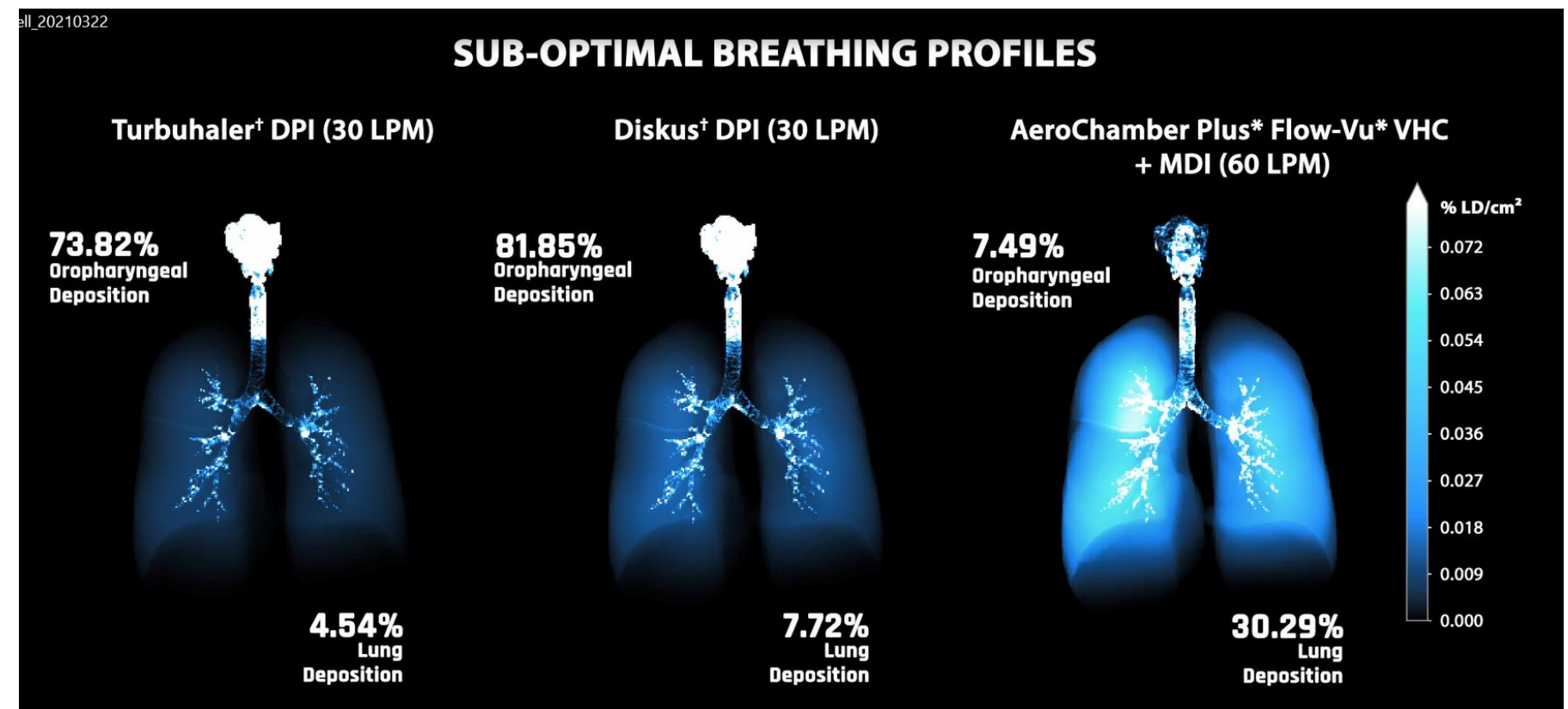
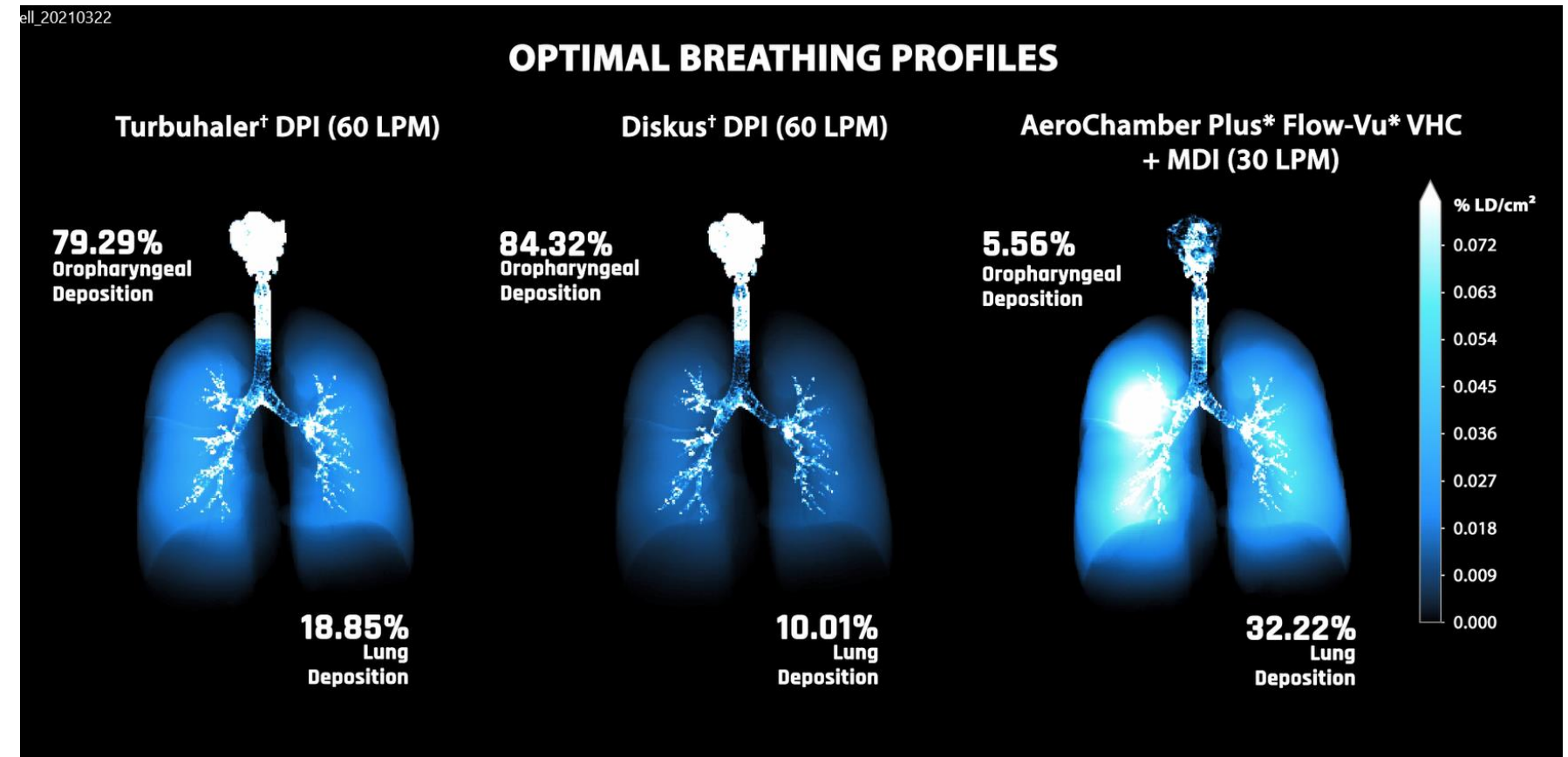
- The modelled lung deposition results are shown in the chart below, expressed as a percentage of label dose, using both optimal and sub-optimal inhalation flow rates.



Rationale	Methods	Results	Conclusion
-----------	---------	---------	------------

CONCLUSIONS

- The FRI deposition profiles highlight that the MDI/*AeroChamber Plus** *Flow-Vu** VHC system delivered an appreciably greater percentage of drug to the lung region than either of the two DPIs.
- The influence of inhalation flow profile was less with the MDI/VHC system and differed between the two DPIs.



Rationale	Methods	Results	Conclusion
-----------	---------	---------	------------